

Police Strategy in Preventing Street Crime in Yogyakarta

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ABSTRACT

Results that obtained in study this concluded that street crime is a rife that is committed by teenagers in the city of Yogyakarta. Acts of crime with sharp weapons, and bullying. In the last 3 months, crime cases have increased. Efforts have been made by Big City Resort Police (Polrestabes) Yogyakarta to minimize and prevent crime This street is carried out by (a) Preentif namely conducting outreach or counselling to society including to school, (b) preventive ie do prevention with optimizing function Babinkamtibmas (NCO coach security And Order public) in wards, And (c) Repressive ie do prosecution direct if crime street happen.

INTRODUCTION

The city of Yogyakarta is a city of culture and a city of students, of course, it is also a miniature of Indonesia. In recent times, several crimes have been committed by teenagers. Crime or crime is behavior that violates the law and social norms, so society goes against them. Modern society which very complex grow desires material tall, Andoften accompanied ambitions social which No Healthy. long fulfillment excessive needs without the support of the ability to achieve them would naturally encourage individuals to commit criminal acts such as acts of robbery that are now rife everywhere. So from it is necessary further studies about understanding, theory, criminality so in the end we can know the impact and solutions to crime specifically follow crime spoliation, so that norm social And public interest can be maintained properly. Crime or crime is a whim in demand which violater law And violater norms social, so that society is against it. Then criminology is the science of crime, Kartono (2004: 122).

Crime will continue to increase in different ways even with equipment that is increasingly sophisticated and modern so that crime will increase unsettling public moment this. crime is problem eternal in human life, because it develops in line with the development levels increasingly complex human civilization. History of human developmentUntil now it has been marked by various human efforts to maintain his life, where violence US Wrong One phenomenon in business reach objective something group certain in public or objective whichindividually to survive. Associated with crime, so violence is complementary from form crime that Alone.

Definition crime in a manner juridical is form act in demand which contrary with moral humanity (immortals), harm public, a-social its nature And violater law as well as criminal law. in in The Criminal Code clearly states that "crimes are all forms of action which fulfil formulations provisions Criminal Code". Missal murderArticle fulfills 338 of the Criminal Code, stealing fulfills Article 362 of the Criminal Code, persecution comply with article 351 of the Criminal Code. Sociologically, crime is all forms speech, deed, and behavior that are economically, politically, and socially psychological very harm public, violater norms morals, and attack the safety of citizens (both those listed and those that not yet listed in the criminal law). As for the robbery itself including to in type crime/crime. because spoliation already violater law And violater norms social which There is. Person whichdo spoliation called Robber. Robber is criminal which deprive stuff in the middle of the road is quiet. Regardless of where the robbers come from, people who are in a weak economic condition and are pressed for necessities of life, plus lack of faith, tend to think short. Arguably, will justify all method so that need his life this can fulfilled, including with rob. The majority of street crime perpetrators are young people who have no or No own work still. It seems like demands association Also take parthere. Teenagers who were supposed to go to school or were of working age even got together unclear. According to Sri Rumini & Siti Sundari (2004: 53) adolescence is transition from childhood to growing adulthood all aspects/functions to enter adulthood. Adolescence lasts between the ages of 12 to 21 years for women and 13 years to by 22 years for men. The same thing was expressed by Santrock (2003:

26) that adolescence is defined as a period of transitional development between childhood and period mature which covers change biological, cognitive, and social-emotional.

The age limit for teenagers commonly used by experts is between 12 up to 21 year. time span this teenage age usually distinguished on three, that is 12 - 15 year = period teenager beginning, 15 - 18 year = period mid teens, and 18 - 21 year = period teenager end. they lots which involved in gambling/drugs. Parents are clear will give his children money to use things like that. In the end they were forced to flee. From the results of media searches, it turns out that the perpetrators of street crimes were caught (and also persecuted mass) of course no own work still. in era like nowadays, finding a job is not easy. As well as create jobs. It takes a lot more courage to can create jobs.

LITERATURE REVIEW

The problem of crime is an eternal problem in human life. because it develops in line with the development of the level of human civilization increasingly complex humans. History of human development to date has been marked by various human efforts to maintain his life, where violence as wrong one phenomenon in business reach objective a particular group in society or individual purposes for maintain life the. related with crime, so violence is a complement from a form of crime itself.

According to dictionary big language Indonesia robber interpreted as robbers, while mugging is robbing on the street and then robbery is the process, method, act of robbery or deprivation on the street. So begal is something deed snatch, rob with method forced use vehicle motorized and weapon sharp. special in city Yogyakarta, the lifestyle of teenagers who are increasingly diverse due to the influence of globalization also participate influence the more many robber which there is in city Yogyakarta, considering that Yogyakarta is a miniature of Indonesia where tribes and cultures exist and live in Yogyakarta.

This of course must receive serious attention, because if we see that happened in several areas in the city of Makassar, from time to time increasing many criminal acts and crimes committed by robbers that end the more troubling the community, then before these things more and more happen in region city Yogyakarta must quick found solution effective to use its eradication. Actions of street crime clearly disturb the security of society (public security) and even threaten security human (human security). Term "klitih" or street crime is term which only appear in society Indonesia just. wrong one impact of the case, society surprised with more rampant follow crime deprivation vehicle motorized wheel two, which termed as klitih or street crime. existence this street crime which using a motorized vehicle lately is increasingly troubling public. Violent and criminal acts allegedly committed by members robber the more often happen in various region city. Required firmness apparatus security to stop the action robber the.

1. Understanding Police

According to the Big Indonesian Dictionary (KBBI) police means those who related to the police. While the word police is defined as a government agency responsible for maintaining public order and security (catch people Which violate Constitution etc). The police and police were well known in the 6th century as apparatus state with its authority that reflects a broad power being the guardian of tyranny, so that it has the image of a symbol of a tyrannical ruler. In such a way as the image of the police and the police at that time, the country that concerned is called a "police state" and in the history of state administration has ever been known something country "*polytheia*". On period success expansionism And imperialism Where power government borrow hand police And the police to carry out their duties with an iron fist to suppress people indigenous For interest extortion power man, circumstances This raises image bad for the police Alone (Utomo, 2005).

The Indonesian National Police or what is often abbreviated as Police in relation to the government is one of the functions of government state in the field of maintenance of security and public order, enforcement law, protection, shelter, and service to the community. aim For realize security in country Which covers maintained security And order public, orderly And upright law, implementation protection, protection, And service public, as well as creation of peace in society by upholding human rights, this is contained in Article 4 of Law Number 2 of 2002 concerning Police Republic Indonesia. According to Warsito Hadi Utomo (2005), the identity of the police as servants of the law That of course should thereby, Police Which give devotion, protection, light public as well as fight safe And maintain independence And realize public Which fair And prosper with the spirit of tri brata and a big soul, the police who own a clean conscience, be calm, steady and unshakable in situation And any condition as well as always appropriate in take decision.

The police area is divided in stages, starting at the central level which can be in call with Headquarters Big police, which region it works covers whole region Country Republic Indonesia Which in lead a Police chief Which responsible on President. Then region level province called with the regional police which is commonly referred to as Polda which is led by one Kapolda, Which responsible on Police chief. Level Regency called with the Resot Police or also known as the Polres led by a police chief who is responsible to the regional police chief. District level exists police Which normal called with Police Sector or Polsek Which in lead by a Kapolsek Which responsible on Chief of Police And village level or Kelurahan has police which in commanded by a Brigadier Police or according to the needs according to the situation and condition of the area (Husin in Ammar, 2015).

2. Understanding Street crime

Several forms of road crimes, for example: (1) theft and theft of motorized vehicles; (2) pickpocketing; (3) theft of car mirrors; (4) hold-up, and (5) bullying of city transport drivers; (6) harassment on public transportation (buses, public transportation, trains, and so on). The term street crime or *klitih* has long been used to refer to groups crime Which organized. As in a gang or a group that become attention general Because in a manner lay term the refer on the rioting community which usually consisted of young children. Go on understanding Which more simple, gang is group conspiracy teenager, not an adult-supported youth group. This is a group always a member together regularly, and they determine Alone criteria membership (Adam & jessica, 2008).

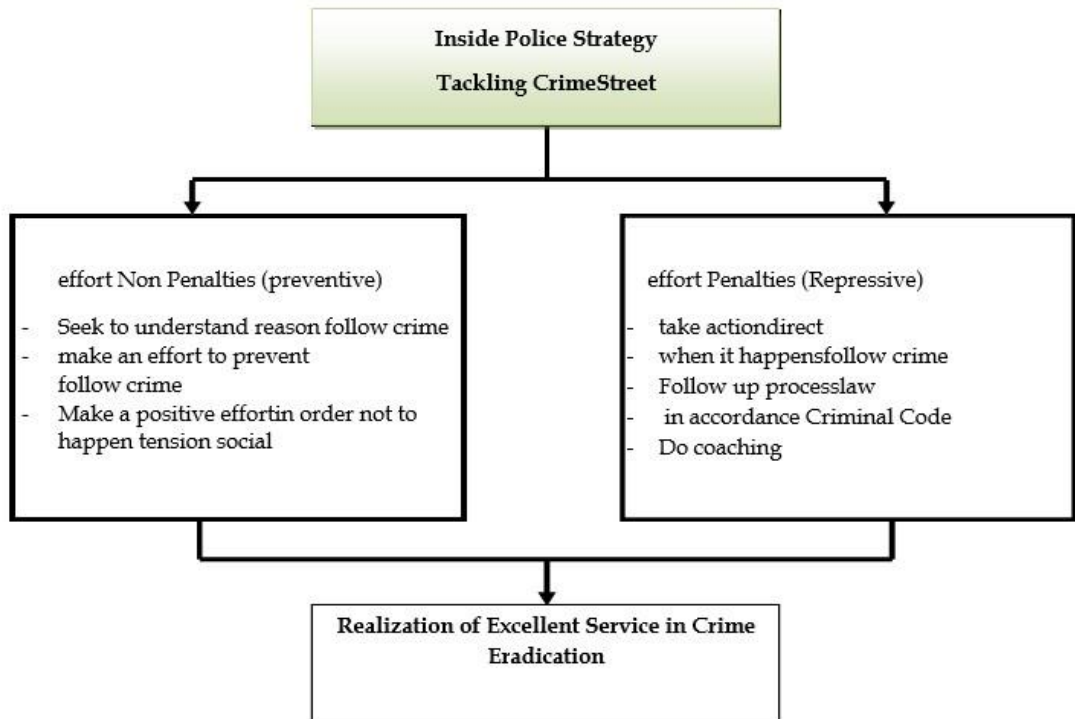
According to Kartini Kartono (2014), many gangs grow and develop in cities big. Gang too identical with various forms mischief Which leads to crime. Although actually, a bunch of boys from a gang consists of normal children, but by one or another form of neglect, and their efforts to seek compensation for any shortcomings, causing the children child young This Then become wicked. Children become wicked And try get everything that is happy and satisfy them, son Teenagers consider what is given by parents, family and society around is not enough. Things that are not found in the midst of the family and their own environment, then instead they find themselves in a motorcycle gang, like solidarity And togetherness.

METHODOLOGY

Strategy is a general pattern of a series of activities that must be carried out to achieve a certain goal. strategy is also said to be a general pattern patterns general, because a strategy on actually Not yet leads to things which practically, a strategy is still a plan or an overall picture. However, For reach objective, of course strategy arranged For objective certain. No There is something strategy, without exists objective which must achieved.

Crime will continue to increase in different ways even with more sophisticated and modern equipment. As a result, crime- crime with styles new And the more unsettling public. Wrong Onethe crime that worries the people in the city of Yogyakarta is a street crime committed by teenagers . This street crime is a crime committed by several people in a manner organized. in launched action para members street crime It is not uncommon for them to commit acts of violence against their victims. US crime which organised, naturally important For deepen method they act. As one of the institutions that play a role in maintaining security and public orders in the Yogyakarta City area , Big Police City Resort (Polrestabes) Yogyakarta is required to make effective efforts in tackling street crime . Theoretically, crime prevention can be in the form of penal (preventive) efforts to prevent the crime from happening, socialization efforts to create partnership relations with various parties, and penal (repressive) efforts with immediate action after the incident crime.

Based on the description above, the framework chart in this study depicted as follows.



Picture 1. Charts Frameworks think

A. Description Focus Study

To give uniformity understanding about object study, following some of these are outlined focus description:

- a. Strategy police is efforts which taken police in cope street crime at a young age.
- b. Street Crime is an act of crime on the streets of very diverse types and forms, and usually aims to plunder property either by snatching, stealing, stealing, robbery, etc.
- c. Non penal (preventive) efforts are taken by actions police to prevent it from happening crime street.
- d. effort penalty (repressive) is actions which done by the police after or when a street crime occurred, namely by direct action against the perpetrators and then followed up accordingly process law.
- e. Realizing excellent service is the vision and mission of the state apparatus One is solving crimes disturbing and disturbing inhabitant urban And as for a number of service prime which given the police apparatus is a managed strategy or effort so that done or well realized

a. Type Study

In connection with the research objective is to provide an overview about strategy government city Yogyakarta in handle problem Street crimes that disturbed the security of the city of Yogyakarta , which occurred. objectively, then this type of research is descriptive qualitative, namely a research that describe about steps which taken by government city Yogyakarta especially the police.

b. type Study

This type of research is the type of phenomenology meant to provide description in a manner clear about problems which researched based on experience which experienced by informants. Source Data

The source of data in this research consists of primary data and secondary data which explained as following.

1. Primary Data, this data is data obtained by the author through interviews in connection with strategy What which done government in finish case street crime which disturbing security Then cross in city Yogyakarta.
2. Secondary data is data collected by the author whose source is from data that has been previously processed into a set of internal informationform documents, reports written other which related with object study.

RESEARCH RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Tasks tree And function every elements in structure organization thethat is as follows:

1. Head of City Police Precinct
 - a. Pin, son, Was, And Dal units organization in environment Police ta and elementsexecutor inner region ranks.
 - b. give consideration to Head of Regional Police (Kapolda)
2. Deputy head of the city resort police
 - a. Help Head of Police Headquarters at the resort or city in carry out tasks Was, Dal, coordinates implementation tasks for all organizational units police station
 - b. Own authorities leads police station in matter Kapolresta unable.
 - c. give suggestions consideration to police chief in matter taking decision related to the main duties of the police.
3. Part Operation (BAG OPS)

In charge of planning and controlling the administration of police operations, security activity public and/or agency government which promises information and documentation of Kep ol stuffing R es or activities as well as control security headquarters.

4. Part Planning (BAG REN)

On duty compile plan Work (RENJA), control program And budget, as well as analyze and evaluate its implementation, incl plan territorial unit development.

5. Part Source power (BAG SUMDA)

On duty carry out coaching administration personnel, means And infrastructure, training functions, service health, help And application law.

6. Section Supervision (SIWAS)

In charge of carrying out general monitoring and both supervision on a regular basis as well as incidental to the implementation of the policies of the National Police leadership in the field coaching and operations carried out by all work units starting from the process of planning, implementing, and achieving performance and delivering suggestions action against deviation which found.

7. Section Profession And security (SIPROPAM)

On duty carry out coaching And maintenance discipline, safety internal, service complaint public which suspected done by members of the Police and/or Civil Servants of the Police, carry out disciplinary and/or code hearingsethics police profession, as well personnel rehabilitation.

8. Section Finance (SIKEU)

On duty carry out service function finance which covers financing, control, bookkeeping, accounting And verification, as well as reporting financial accountability.

9. Section general (SIUM)

In charge of carrying out general administration and administrative services as well service headquarters in Polrestabes.

10. Units Intelligence security (SAT INTELKAM)

Responsible for organizing and fostering intelligence functions in the field of security service which related with permissions crowd general And publishing SKCK, receive notification of community activities or political activities, and make recommendations on applications for firearms permits and use explosives.

11. Units Detective criminal (SAT RECRIMES)

On duty carry out investigation, investigation, And supervision investigation follow criminal, including function identification And laboratories forensic fields as well as construction, coordination and PPNS supervision.

12. Units Detective Drugs (SAT NARCOTICS)

On duty carry out coaching function And investigation, investigation, supervisor of investigations into criminal acts of abuse of illicit drug trafficking following precursor, as well as coaching And counseling in framework prevention And rehabilitation victims of abuse drugs.

13. Units Samapta Bhayangkara (SAT SABHARA)

In charge of carrying out turjawali and securing community activities and agency government, object vital, TPTKP, handling tipiring , And control mass in framework maintenance security And order public as well as headquarters security.

14. Units Traffic Unit (SAT LA NTAS)

On duty carry out Turjawali Then cross, education public Then cross (Dimas So), service registration And identification vehicle motorized And drivers, investigator accident Then cross And enforcement law in the field traffic.

15. Units coaching Public (SAT BINMAS)

On duty carry out coaching public which covers activity community counseling, community policing empowerment (POLMAS), carry out coordination of supervision and development of forms self- defence security (Pam Swakarsa), special police (POLSUS), as well as activity Work The same with organization, institutions, agency, and/or figures community in order to increase public awareness and obedience to law And provisions regulation legislation as well as maintained security and order public.

16. Units prisoner and Goods proof (SAT TAHTI)

Bertigas organizes care for prisoners including health services detainees, fostering prisoners as well as receiving, storing, and securing evidence along with its administration within the National Police or Kota B es ar (Polrestabes) , report the number and conditions of detainees in accordance with the provisions of the legislation invitations.

17. Center Police Service Integrated (SPKT)

On duty give service police in a manner integrated to community reports/complaints, provide assistance and assistance as well give information services.

18. Section Technology police (SITIPOL)

Responsible for providing information and communication technology services, includes police communication activities, collection and processing as well presentation data, including information criminal And service multimedia.

19. Police sector (POLSEK)

In charge of carrying out the main duties of the Police in maintaining security And order public, enforcement law, giver protection, protection and service to the community as well as other Police duties in area according to the law regulation legislation.

In case Yogyakarta Big Police City Resort (Polrestabes) is making efforts to solve crimes street that is:

- a. Effort preventive ie do socialization or counselling to public including to schools. Socialization this characteristics socialization order law law abiding society.
- b. Preventive efforts namely prevention by optimizing function Babinkamtibmas (Community Order and Security Officer) at wards. Babinkamtibmas this at a time roles in effort preventive.
- c. effort repressive ie do prosecution direct if follow crime by alley motorcycle happen.

1. Effort Cooperation with Public in minimize Street Crime

Efforts made by Big City Resort Police (Polrestabes) through collaboration with society to minimize crimes committed by teenagers in street crimes namely insert the police program for community development into other programs program ork activities which done in wards. For example on evens meetings in wards, party Polrestabes coordinates with local village chief in order to socializing.

US results interview with " informants " that is US following:

"The police are trying to coordinate with the Lurah in the program rural programs so that the police can be involved in carrying out counseling or socialization so that public obey law And make an effort prevent follow crime". (Interview results informant , March 11th 20 23). in side that police Also coordinates with government city Yogyakarta to make innovations in an effort to eradicate crime on those streets . This was stated by the " informant " ie US following:

"The Yogyakarta Polrestabes is coordinating with the Yogyakarta City Government for do breakthroughs in guards security And order. One of the forms is monitoring efforts through CCTV in places that arevulnerable happen crime And procurement system information which technology"

Based on description in on, so can concluded that: effort the cooperation carried out by Big Police City Resort (Polrestabes) Yogyakarta is coordinating with Government City Yogyakarta For do breakthroughs for example facility optimization CCTV on segment roads And procurement system information which technology in Yogyakarta and coordination with wards so that can embed program order And security public to in programs which held in the wards. Perpetrator crime which is generally in underage with age range 12 - 15 years.

In effort tackle, minimize or even prevent crime street , step beginning which taken by Polrestabes Yogyakarta is to explore in depth the causes of the perpetrators in this case motorcycle gang members commit robbery crimes. The cause of the crime of robbery or crime which done by alley motorcycle which identified from results study is factor association And factor economy. matter this in line withthe theory of *anomie* and *cultural deviation* which assumes that social class and act mutual criminal behavior relate.

Accusers the majority street crimes are affiliated US members alley schools and motorcycle gangs as is known from the results of research, are mostly children young people who are still in the school age category. They became entangled in unlawful acts as a result of going along with friends hang out. matter this means that exists action street crime is results imitation candidate accuser from friends hang out which incidentally has experience in committing crimes. This fact is supported by differential association theory (*differential association theory*) from Gabriel Tarde in Prakoso (2013) which state that crime which done somebody is results imitation to action crime which There is in public.

Beside factor association, factor economy and still found drugs circulating among them, this too become trigger street crimes. Many children drop out of school and when they reach adulthood they will have difficulty getting a job worthy to meet their needs so that in the end they look for roads shortcuts with do follow crime US land For they obtain Money. in meaning that status social they which encourages them to commit crimes. This is in line with proposed by Robert Merton that problems can arise with its structure social which offer goals which same for achieve it.

Big Police City Resort (Polrestabes) strategy to minimize or prevent street crime namely do effort preventive, preventive, And repressive. preventive intended so that public aware law, preventive intended For prevent so that No happen follow crime, And repressive intended For give effect wary to accuser follow crime including street crime . In addition, the Polrestabes Also do coordination with Government City Yogyakarta so that in a manner together do breakthroughs which can increase conduciveness of residents and coordinating with the urban village for planting values order and law abiding within the village area.

Regarding preventive efforts or preventive efforts carried out by Polrestabes Yogyakarta , end the spear held by Security Guard Bhayangkara And Order Community (Babinkamtibmas) that is NCOs coach security And Order Public. Security Guard Bhayangkara And Order Community (Babinkamtibmas) has a DDS system (*Door to Door System*) which directly performs efforts persuasive to public For prevent crime which happen within the neighborhood/village. Babinkamtibmas also plays a role for the police can coordinates with ward in give counseling-counseling so that public obey And aware law. Optimization performance Babinkamtibmas can form community solidity to care about security and order in their environment so that individuals or groups intend do follow crime No own chance For launch the action. The existence of an opportunity can trigger an action crime as the opportunity theory from Lacasagne (Prakoso,2013) that crime happen because public who gave chance For do wicked.

Yogyakarta Police Big Police City Resort (Polrestabes) preventive efforts to prevent crime street Also embodied through patrol routines especially to places vulnerable to rampant street crimes occur. If street crime founded apparatus internal police this matter The Yogyakarta Polrestabes made repressive efforts, namely making arrests to para accuser.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the results of the research and discussion, several dances can be drawn conclusion ie as following:

1. Street crimes committed by teenagers in the city of Yogyakarta categorized as in 5 type that is: (1) theft with violence, (2) weighted theft, (3) motor vehicle theft, (4) Action crime with weapons sharps, And (5) bullying.
2. The Big Police City Resort Yogyakarta made several efforts to minimize and prevent crimes committed by motorcycle gangs, namely as following:
 - a. Preventive efforts namely conducting socialization or counseling to society including schools. This socialization is socialization order law public obey law.
 - b. Preventive efforts are doing prevention by optimizing function Security Guard Bhayangkara And Order Community (Babinkamtibmas) (NCO coach security And Order public) in wards. Security Guard Bhayangkara And Order Community (Babinkamtibmas) this at a time roles in an attempt preventive.
 - c. effort repressive ie do prosecution direct if follow crime by alley motorcycle happen.
3. Collaboration carried out by Big Police City Resort (Polrestabes) in order to prevent crimestreet is:
 - a. Do coordination with Government City Yogyakarta so that in a manner together make breakthroughs that can improve conduciveness inhabitant.
 - b. Coordinates with party ward For planting values order and obey the law in village area.
 - c. Coordinate with local community leaders.

As for suggestions which can writer convey that is US following:

1. For Big Police City Resort (Polrestabes) Yogyakarta so that more optimizing efforts which has planned in handling And prevention crime street.
2. The Yogyakarta City Government should make a breakthrough or innovation in maintaining security and coordinating with the Big Police City Resort (Polrestabes) for realize that matter.
3. For parents should instill values that can prevent their children fall into a crime or commit an act which breaking the law.
4. For teenagers should think more ahead in the sense of thinking important things that need to be done to achieve happiness in the future And not easy affected by enjoyment moment.
5. Strict supervision is needed for the circulation of alcoholic beverages for teenagers and narcotics, because the majority of perpetrators are found to be consuming them.

6. There needs to be synergy across police units to be able to prevent and follow up on street crimes in the Yogyakarta City area. The role of inter-police units is needed.

ADVANCED RESEARCH

The author hopes that further research is related to street actions because they have a bad impact on people's comfort and will give the impression of a city or region to be scary.

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