

The Role of Planning and Communication the President of The Municipal Authority to Prepare for Installation of Representative Bodies of Local Power (*Study of Case in the Municipality of Liquica*)

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ARTICLE INFO

Keywords: Planning Role, President Authorities, Local Power

Received : 5 February

Revised : 15 February

Accepted: 20 March

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ABSTRACT

The objectives of this research in scientific work are several important proposals as follows: Find out the role of the President of the Municipality of Liquica, Analysis to find out the role of the President of the Municipality of Liquica in planning and communication aspects and finally find a hypothesis solution or suggestions to match if there are challenges that paralyze the role of the President of the Municipal Authority of Liquica. The Research Method used is in this research methodology the writer uses qualitative research method. In qualitative research, the presence of researchers as tools as well as data. The presence of the researcher is very necessary, because in addition the presence of the researcher as a data. Primary data and Secondary data interview, documentation at the research site. The results of the research analysis show that the municipality of Liquica is small masker but the relevant authorities and entities are ready to receive the local power facilities that have been planned by the Central Government for a long time to implement. For the reason that this government policy has benefits and it is important that power should not be centralized only in the Central Government with a heavy and longer bureaucracy to hinder the services of the people on the basis and increase an integrated national development process to ensure the well-being of the people and the progress of the country

INTRODUCTION

The Democratic Republic of Timor-Leste is a sovereign country that restores its independence in the 21st century, in this era it is an era full of competition in face-to-face aspects of the global space. Therefore, it is very important and important for the state of Timor-Leste to prepare itself through an integrated policy strategy to strengthen and accelerate development in all aspects or multidimensional development in the political, economic, social, cultural, security aspects. It is also necessary to think that in the development process its sustainability must be guaranteed, that development is not limited to the present generation but also prepared for the current generation.

To achieve these critical aspects, it is necessary to build and form a government that is decentralised with a quality human resource structure to meet public needs and provide a complete solution to the problems faced by the people. It is true that a decentralised government is a government that is open to the local or ally of the local government.

In fact, when we compare to the human seer, we can understand that the 21st year of the Kingdom (URA) is at a mature age but in reality it shows that many problems in public services citizens and especially the small and poor people are difficult to get the services of their own state, everything is centralized in the central government and done in the central government, it is difficult for the local people to access the central government programmes, the authorities since community leaders to the municipal authorities or the municipal and post administrators to do nothing to the people because all programmes, with a budget of rectification every year, have not been centralized by the government and the Minister himself. Only the number of money and programmes is heard by the people, but the rest of the money is often not enough for the people. In the end, mal-administration, mis-execution and consequently corruption, nepotism, capital or money-laundry conclusions were made, and the people's money was only spent and destroyed for the benefit of the elite groups.

In view of these issues, it is necessary for the state body to carry out the decentralization policy or delegation or hand over of power to the local government because this is provided for in the Constitution of the Democratic Republic of Timor-Leste Article 72 which provides for local power, to approach all government programmes to the people of the low, from the village to the municipality.

LITERATURE REVIEW

The Constitution of Timor-Leste, in article 72, addresses the establishment of local powers as follows:

“Local power is constituted by territorial legal entities equipped with representative bodies, with the aim of organizing citizen participation in solving problems specific to their community and promoting local development, without prejudice to state participation. The organization Competence, the functioning and the composition of local power bodies are defined by law”

The village governance agreement according to Talijiduhu ndraha in the government detection book: "The village government means the smallest organization below Based on the decentralization placed below and directly responsible for the pedant in the sub-district government in the district.

Another opinion according to C.S.T Kancil Governance is that: "The understanding that goes hand in hand with the various services; the implementation of public companies, public services, the implementation of public works in accordance with the purpose of based on the tax reality covered by the licensing request."

1. How is the planning role of the President of the Municipal Authority of Liquica in the preparation of the installation of the Local Power Representative body?
2. How is the role of communication of the President of the Municipal Authority of Liquica influence on the preparation of the installation of the Local Power Representative body?
3. How the combination between the role of planning and communication of the President of the Authority influences the preparation of the installation of representative bodies local. Conceptual Framework

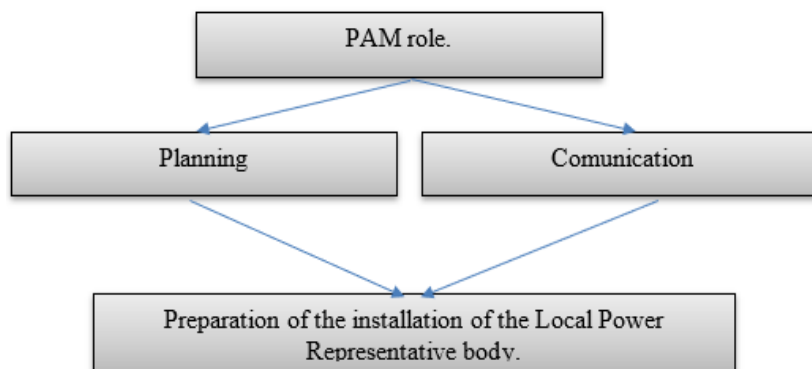


Figure 1. Conceptual Framework (Preparation of the Installation of the Local Power Representative Body)

METHODOLOGY

In this research methodology the writer uses qualitative research methods. According to Punaji Setyosari (2012: 39) states: "The descriptive qualitative approach aims to explain or describe a situation, event, object, whether a person or anything related to the research."

History and Research Objects

In this section the writer only wanted to inform the subject and the object used by the writer in this research was the National Director for Municipal Coordination RAEOA.

Research History

1. Choose the President of the Municipal Authority and the Municipal Prosecutor for the reason that he is responsible for all the activities of the Municipality.
2. Choose the Police Commander for the reason that he is the maximum-security officer in the Municipality.
3. Choose the Post Administrator for the reason that the maximum responsible person is also the representative of the Municipal Administrator who is the next of the village.
4. Choose the village Chief for reasons of coordination between the Administrator and with (the maximum leadership in the Municipality).

Table 1. of Informants

No	The Representative of Liquica Municipalities	Number of Informant
1	The President of the Municipal Authority	1
2	The Police Commander	1
3	The Post Administrator	1
4	The village Chief	1

Data Analysis

Data analysis techniques in this qualitative research are carried out or carried out after going down the research, both during the research and after the research. To explain in more detail the types of data analysis techniques in a mastery of the name Sugiyono (2014: 224), it is stated that data analysis means that the process of setting up the results of interviews systematically and structurally.

RESEARCH RESULT

Planning in Infrastructure

The strategic planning of the infrastructure area that we have planned in our municipality is basically infrastructure.

Communication with Administrators, Village Chiefs and Security Party

The administrator say that he doesn't work alone and he always have a meeting with tree administrator in Liquica Municipalities. We always have a meeting schedule to communicate with each other about everything our municipality interests.

The Role of Planning President of the Municipality of Liquica

The researchers analysed that the planning planned by the President of the Municipal Authority of Liquica to prioritise the development of basically infrastructure, such as water, roads, electricity, administrative buildings from the municipal capital, administrative posts, remote villages, and planning for training and training to empower and prepare human resources in all areas and in particular in the technical administrative issues showed a strong and good influence on the preparation of the local power facilities planned by the government.

The Role of Communication President of the Municipality of Liquica.

This second part concerns the role of the President of the Municipality of Liquica, who is designed based on the coordination and correlation lines established and implemented to communicate well from the village chief, village chief, administrator, central government, NGO, security and social group, which shows a strong and better influence on the preparation of the installation of the local power representative bodies of our government that will carry out the policy of decentralization and administrative deconcentration of our local government authorities.

DISCUSSION

The role of planning and communication by any government or authority is two important aspects that are categorically important and essential in a municipality or legal territory. Because when a government is divided to put the importance of both aspects, the planning and communication of the government have lost the way in the exercise of its functions. The end is a loss of trust, a loss of responsibility, a loss of maturity and ultimately a loss of credibility from the people.

With the above statement, the writer would like to conclude the results of the research in the municipality of Liquica entitled Role of Planning and Communication The President of the Municipal Authority in preparing the installation of local power that, the research results clearly show that the President of the municipal authority of Liquica has a strong and better influence because he always plans with his administrator, village chief, village chief, and all relevant entities to prepare infrastructure, human resources through good cooperation and communication with the central government, security parties, NGOs, the people themselves and all social leaders both military and civil.

The results of the research analysis show that the municipality of Liquica is small masker but the relevant authorities and entities are ready to receive the local power facilities that have been planned by the Central Government for a long time to implement. For the reason that this government policy has benefits and it is important that power should not be centralized only in the Central Government with a heavy and longer bureaucracy to hinder the services of the people on the basis and increase an integrated national development process to ensure the well-being of the people and the progress of the country.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

1. To the President of the Municipal Authority and the Administrators

It is necessary to create short-term and long-term municipal strategic plans and extract action plans to guide municipal work and prepare them in advance for the government to install local power.

The following should be effective communication to approach interaction with the central government in order to access government policies or programmes and in the end to make it more systematic and organized to serve the people of the municipality of Liquica.

2. For the central government

It is suggested that the government accelerate the political agenda for decentralisation and deconcentration in order to install or have delegated powers to local government authorities because there is an indication that the research writer has prepared the municipal authorities in the municipality of Liquica in terms of infrastructure, human resources, an organized and systematic administration.

ADVANCED RESEARCH

It is necessary to continue conducting research on Infrastructures that needed of the Municipalities.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I thank very much to my father and mother for supporting the budget to finish my study at the Master of Administration of the University da Paz. Thank you also to my leaders for motivating me to finish my study here for success.

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